

last the Bank of Commerce owed other national banks \$1,200,000 and state banks and bankers, \$9,819,499. There has been no run by local depositors, but many of the outside banks caused the trouble by withdrawing their funds on deposit with the Commerce.

The National Bank of Commerce was a United States depository, and the August statement showed these items to be United States deposits, \$207,913; deposits of United States disbursing officers, \$52,086.

The Bank of Commerce was interested in many local enterprises. Its individual depositors were among the largest of any bank in the city. Its statement printed this morning, showing the heavy falling off in deposits, drew a big crowd of depositors to the bank as early as 9 o'clock, evidently intent on withdrawing their money.

More or less excitement followed the news that the bank had been closed, and the crowd gradually grew in size until it stopped traffic.

William A. Bule, cashier of the bank, made the following statement this morning in the presence of Dr. Woods, the president:

"The directors of the National Bank of Commerce thought it was best to at least close temporarily. We made the light of our lives, but conditions were against us. The depositors will not lose a cent."

Statement of Bank Examiner.
James T. Bradley of Sedan, Kan., national bank examiner, said:

"I have taken charge of the Bank of Commerce and, following the policy of the administration and doing my duty as bank examiner, I shall make every effort to set the bank on its feet. I have not been able to investigate matters as yet. I can not say definitely when the bank will reopen, but I believe it will be in a few days."

James F. Downing, president of the clearing house, said:

"Up to yesterday the Bank of Commerce owed the clearing house \$800,000. This account was settled. I consider the failure due to lack of conservatism. None of the other banks here has found it necessary to ask aid of the clearing house and I consider them perfectly sound. The Bank of Commerce failure will not affect them."

Did Not Conserve Resources.
CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—President Forgan of the First National bank, chairman of the Chicago clearing house committee, said the failure of the National Bank of Commerce would have no effect upon Chicago banks because the Chicago banks with which it has accounts are all debtors to the Kansas City institution. One of the mistakes of the Bank of Commerce management, Mr. Forgan said, was that it did not conserve its resources in any one bank, but instead had accounts with five or six Chicago banks.

The balances on deposit with the Chicago institutions at the present time, he said, were relatively small, having been reduced to an insignificant extent by the recent financial situation.

New York to Aid.
NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—H. P. Davison, vice-president of the First National bank of this city, one of the principal correspondents of the failed National Bank of Commerce of Kansas City, said today that the effect of the failure had been discounted by the fact that the bank's condition had been known for several weeks. Mr. Davison recently returned from Chicago, where he met several Chicago and Kansas City bankers to discuss the situation. At this conference it was decided to stand by the National Bank of Commerce and carry it as long as possible, or until it would be to the best interest of everybody to close down.

"We were in the bank with the manner in which the bank had been conducted at that time," said Mr. Davison, "and were sure its situation could be cleared up. But the bank has been the victim of unjust reports, spread from one end of the country to the other. No bank in the country gave better collateral than the Kansas City institution. There are several New York accounts in the bank, but they are all amply secured. The bank had a handsome balance in the First National today. Heavy withdrawals of deposits, the result of the unjust reports, caused the final embarrassment which made a decision to close necessary."

Comptroller's Statement.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The comptroller of the currency today issued the following statement regarding the failure of the National Bank of Commerce of Kansas City:

"The comptroller's office has been advised that the officers and directors of the National Bank of Commerce of Kansas City, Mo., decided not to open its doors today, and requested the national bank examiner to take charge until their assets could be realized on, when there is strong hope that the bank may be able to resume."

"It is too early for the comptroller's office to give any details of the failure."

The digestive impulse is the life of the stomach. If this is weakened, crippled by abuse—eating improper food—the rest of the body suffers also.

The body and brain are nourished through the digestive impulse. Food is called for and, if proper in quality and quantity, the tissues are repaired as fast as mental and physical activity break them down. This is life.

Grape-Nuts food not only meets the requirements of tissue-repair, but is a powerful source of vital energy. It contains the vital phosphates stored up in wheat and barley by nature.

A food expert prepared his food so you can get these vital elements without bother, cooking or other effort than simple eating it. Eaten slowly, with cream, it is delicious and satisfies the "digestive impulse." It also quietly, systematically builds up brain and nerve. "There's a reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

The Savage Dramatic School.

Private and class lessons in stage technique and business of operatic roles, songs, rhythmic dancing, story telling, elocution, and acting. Amateur and professional performances rehearsed and staged. Vaudeville sketches rehearsed, classes for teachers of reading; children's classes, clergymen's classes. Special courses arranged to meet the needs of professional and business men.

Those wishing particular hours should call at once. 16-7-8 Security Trust building. Sell phone 4859, call 2 to 5. Miss Frances Savage, principal.

but it is hoped that the bank will be found solvent, so the depositors can be paid in full if the bank is not able to resume."

State Banks Not Affected.
TOPEKA, Dec. 5.—John Q. Rovee, state bank examiner, announced this afternoon that the state banks would not be seriously crippled by the failure of the National Bank of Commerce at Kansas City.

It is stated that the bulk of deposits of Kansas banks in the Bank of Commerce have been withdrawn or transferred.

Small Bank in Crash.
KANSAS CITY, Dec. 5.—The State Bank of Argentine, Kan., a suburb, with small deposits, closed its doors early this afternoon following a run. The stock in this bank was owned principally by the National Bank of Commerce of Kansas City, Mo. The cashier wired the state examiner to take charge and said he hoped to be permitted to reopen tomorrow morning.

RAILROADS IN FAVOR OF FAIR REGULATION

So Says J. J. Hill in Address Before Rivers and Harbors Congress.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—A notable feature of the Rivers and Harbors Congress convention, now in session in this city, was the address delivered today by James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern Railway company, who was introduced to the congress as "a wizard of transportation and one of the greatest railroad builders of the world."

Mr. Hill created great enthusiasm among the 2500 delegates by declaring that the railroads of the country would support cordially any proper plan for the development of the legitimate waterways of the United States.

He produced figures to show that the traffic of the country had become so great and was increasing so tremendously that it was beyond the physical power of the railroads to handle it. He made a most important and significant statement of the attitude of railroad men toward legislation by declaring that the railroads of the country would support cordially any proper plan for the development of the legitimate waterways of the United States.

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Notable addresses also were delivered by the congress by Governors of States and by other men prominently identified with the political and commercial life of the Nation. Among those present today at the sessions of the convention were scores of members of Congress upon whom it is the desire of the convention that its ideas be particularly impressed.

The convention will conclude its work tomorrow by the adoption, by a series of resolutions, incorporating its idea that a comprehensive national scheme for the improvement of the internal waterways of the country should be crystallized into law.

WORK ON HARRIMAN LINES BEING RESUMED

Roads Can Get Plenty of Laborers and Will Rush Operations.

SPECIAL TO THE TRIBUNE.
OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 5.—Positive announcement that the Union Pacific is resuming construction work was made today by General Manager Mohler. The announcement is coupled with the information that men and material are now so plentiful that the Union Pacific intends to keep busy as far into the winter as possible. In making the announcement today, General Manager Mohler said:

"When we stopped work five weeks ago we were having difficulty in getting both men and material, but so many men have been laid off elsewhere that we find we can get plenty of men for this work and are glad of the chance."

Material which was hard to get for bridge building is also coming along and we have decided under the circumstances to go ahead. While Mr. Mohler spoke only for the Union Pacific, it is understood from other sources that on the Harriman lines some 6000 men either have been put back to work or will be re-employed at once, and that on the Southern Pacific, where the weather is sufficiently mild, the work will continue throughout the winter.

FIFTY YEARS IN JAIL FOR ROBBING WAITER

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 5.—William Hogan Thomas Conwell, William McLaughlin and James Parcell were each sentenced to fifty years' imprisonment in the state penitentiary this morning by Superior Judge Carroll Cook. These four men, all former convicts, were yesterday convicted of highway robbery.

Two months ago they met George Felphes, a waiter on the steamer Sonoma, one night in the burnt district. He asked them to direct him to a hotel. Instead they struck him down with the butt end of a pistol and relieved him of \$15 in gold.

Eleven Hurt in Fire.
NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—Eleven unconscious men were removed from the New Jersey end of the Pennsylvania railroad tunnel following a fire in the tunnel at Homestead, N. J., today. There were 150 men in the tunnel when the fire began and the place was filled with smoke. All but eleven fled to the surface, but their comrades were overcome by smoke and taken out by rescuing parties.

Currency Sub-Committee.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Chairman Fowler of the House committee on Banking and Currency today announced the subcommittee of five, which will frame and submit to the main committee a currency bill. The subcommittee is as follows:

Fowler, New Jersey; Prince, Illinois; Calderhead, Kansas; Lewis, Georgia, and Gillingham, Texas. The last two are Democrats. The subcommittee, it is expected, will hold its first meeting today and will at once begin the drafting of a currency measure.

TROUBLE AT GOLDFIELD WILL AFFECT MANY SALT LAKE MEN

The strike at Goldfield will affect a number of prominent Salt Lake men who are now making their home in the great gold camp. Of course, under the provisions embraced in all leases, the lessors of mining ground will be given an extension covering the period consumed by the strike, but many of them will doubtless be unable to work their properties during the trouble.

Prominent among the former Salt Lake men who have made good in Goldfield is J. A. (Harry) Macmillan. Mr. Macmillan, who was formerly a reporter on The Tribune, is one of the largest owners in the Mohawk-Jumbo and Mohawk-Red Top leases, on the Jumbo Extension ground. The Mohawk-Jumbo has produced nearly \$1,000,000 within the last few months, and a wonderfully rich strike has just been made on the Mohawk-Red Top. Mr. Macmillan, although the youngest of the Salt Lake men, has struck it rich at Goldfield and has probably done more for the city within the last few months than any other man in it.

Charles S. Wilkes, former surveyor of Salt Lake county, is another man who has made a great deal of money. Mr. Wilkes holds a big block of stock in the famous Little Florence lease, which has produced more than \$1,225,000 in the past few months, and which has been taking out an average of \$25,000 a day for some weeks past.

Mr. Wilkes also has the bulk of the coal trade in Goldfield, for which he derives a large revenue. He also is interested in the lumber business and several valuable leases in addition to the Little Florence.

R. L. Colburn, formerly a Salt Lake stock broker, another man who has large interests in Goldfield. Mr. Colburn is one of the largest holders in the Red Top Extension lease, adjoining Harry Macmillan's Mohawk-Jumbo Red Top, and many other valuable interests. Mr. Colburn's partner, Ralph Waterman, is also a former Salt Lake.

E. H. Mead, James Cutler and County Clerk J. U. Eldredge, Jr., are interested in a valuable lease upon the property of the Combination, and upon which they will doubtless not be able to do any work for some time.

Other Salt Lake men now residing at Goldfield who will be affected by the strike are Frank G. Champion, Max Warmbath, "Dad" Clark, L. W. Dittman, Charles Spillman, Dick Whittemore, Miss Emma Maddison, J. H. Cook, Major W. A. Stanton, Captain A. H. Morris, John Mater, A. H. Dutton, Morris Macmillan, C. B. Durst, Henry Klingender, C. L. Hannaman, J. M. Denney, D. S. Truman, John T. Donnellan, Colonel O. P. Posse and A. L. Simonds, all of whom are interested in mining in the camp.

ORDERS NEGRO TROOPS TO QUELL GOLDFIELD MINERS

Continued from Page One.
tire absence of rioting, brawling or even agitation and heated controversy. On the surface Goldfield is enjoying a holiday.

No Orders at Fort.
No instructions concerning the threatened disturbance at Goldfield have been received by those in command at Fort Douglas as to whether or not troops from that station will be sent there. The officers say they think it improbable that any of the soldiers here will be taken to Goldfield, no matter what dimensions the brewing riot may take, as the troops in Utah belong to the Colorado department, while Nevada is a part of the California department, and the soldiers of each department handle the disturbances that occur within their territory.

Funston Won't Talk.
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 5.—General Funston tonight verified the statement that the federal troops will leave Monterey and San Francisco tomorrow morning for Goldfield, and preparations are under way tonight for the movement.

General Funston refused to state how many troops will be sent to the town, but he said that companies have been selected. The general will not accompany the troops, and the name of the officer who will command the expedition was not disclosed. The troops will go fully equipped and provisioned for a stay of uncertain duration.

Waiting for Orders.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Explicit directions are awaited from the President before any orders are given by the War Department to move troops to Goldfield, Nev., where there is fear of disturbances of the miners' strike. If the infantry at Monterey, Angel Island and the Presidio, numbering about one thousand men in all, is not sufficient, the Fifteenth infantry and three companies of the Twenty-first infantry, at Fort Douglas, Utah, could be rushed to the scene.

For Transportation of Troops.
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 5.—Arrangements have been made tonight with the Southern Pacific for the movement of federal troops from California to Goldfield, Nev., on two trains. One train, carrying 130 men, will leave Monterey at 9 o'clock in the morning, and another will leave Oakland at the same hour, carrying the same number.

Tonopah Is Quiet.
TONOPAH, Dec. 5.—No action has been taken by the miners' union here. Everything is absolutely quiet and all the miners are working. Small knots have gathered on the streets tonight and are quietly discussing matters regarding the situation.

TEDDY'S METHODS DECRIED BY THE FORENSIC CLUB

The first meeting of the Forensic club, organized for the purpose of debate, was held at the Y. M. C. A. last night. The question under discussion was "Resolved, that the attitude of President Roosevelt toward the miners' strike is responsible for the present financial stringency."

The question was sustained by Robert Porter and Howard B. Pinkney. On the negative were James Ingelbrecht and E. A. Bullington. The discussion was warm on both sides and the opinion seemed to prevail that while the attitude of the President toward corporations is on the whole the correct one, yet it is his methods in attacking them that has caused the public to lose faith in them, the result being the present financial situation.

The Forensic club is one of recent organization, but it promises to be a popular one. At present the meetings are held Thursdays, 9 p. m. and are open to the public. Charles De Moisey is president, F. A. Bullington, vice-president, E. V. Hoare, secretary. The program last evening included a violin solo by C. J. Nettleton and a reading by E. V. Hoare.

Coloradoans Favor Silver.
DENVER, Dec. 5.—The Democratic State advisory committee, consisting of fifteen leading Democrats of the State, appointed to advise with and assist the regular State organization, today adopted a resolution calling upon Congress to legislate in favor of the removal of the embargo of silver for the purpose of relieving the present financial stringency.

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread.

Mother's Friend, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." \$1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

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Woman's Nature

Mother's Friend

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INSANE MAN RUNS AMUCK WITH GUN

Bent on Assassinating Governor of Massachusetts, but Shoots Labor Leaders.

EDWARD COHEN OF LYNN IS WOUNDED FATALLY

Co-Official of American Federation Receives Bullet From Crazy Man's Revolver.

BOSTON, Dec. 5.—An insane man walked into the ante-room of the executive chamber of the Statehouse this afternoon, and, finding Governor Guild's door closed, turned on three prominent labor leaders and fired three shots at them, probably fatally wounding Edward Cohen of Lynn, president of a branch of the American Federation of Labor, seriously wounding Dennis D. Driscoll of Boston, secretary of the same board, and injuring with the muzzle of his revolver Arthur M. Huddell of Boston.

Huddell recovered consciousness a few minutes later. His wounds, which were at first supposed to be alarming, were quickly dressed, and will probably cause him little inconvenience.

The three labor leaders came to the Statehouse today to meet the Governor by appointment in regard to a pardon for A. M. Kennedy of Salem, who is serving a sentence in the Essex house of correction. They reached the Statehouse shortly after 3 o'clock and found that the Governor was receiving a delegation from Rhode Island. The three labor men were asked to wait in one of the ante-rooms until the men should leave. All three were standing beside a long table conversing pleasantly, while at the farther end of the room Private Secretary Groves was dictating a letter to a stenographer.

William Reed, the colored messenger of the department, was seated at his desk within a few feet of the labor men. Suddenly Steele appeared at the door of the room from the hallway, and without announcing his mission, walked by the doorkeeper and Messenger Reed and then glanced toward Governor Guild's room, which was about twenty feet away. The door was closed. Steele turned around and, drawing a revolver, fired at Cohen, who was about six feet away.

Shoots Cohen Twice.
Cohen's back was turned, and the bullet struck the back of the head, passing directly through, and came out at the forehead, driving a great splash of blood to the wall opposite, and beside the picture of Abraham Lincoln. The wounded man turned, only to receive another bullet in the head, which also passed completely through. Cohen sank unconscious to the floor. Steele then swung around and fired at Driscoll, the bullet inflicting a severe scalp wound.

Driscoll also fell unconscious to the floor. Huddell, in attempting to close on the man, was struck on the cheek by the muzzle of the revolver and knocked down. But Steele made no attempt to fire again.

By this time Private Secretary Groves had leaped a table and grappled with Steele, and almost at the same moment General Whitney, who had been summoned to the Kennedy hearing, came through the door and rushed to the assistance of Mr. Groves. Huddell also jumped up and wrenched the revolver away.

The doctors, after a hasty examination of Cohen and Driscoll, expressed the opinion that the former's wounds would probably prove fatal.

STAFF OFFICERS MUST MAKE TEST MARCH

President Roosevelt Issues a Sweeping Order Concerning Physical Standard of Army.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—President Roosevelt, in a sweeping order to the Secretary of War, made public today, directs that all field officers, except those of the coast artillery, shall make a daily march of not less than thirty miles, for three consecutive days, under conditions suitable to the making of forced marches in active field operations, and pursue such other duties of exercise and habit as will render them physically fit for active warfare. The order greatly extends over the original order concerning army practice, and applies expressly to senior grade officers, ranking between captains and colonels, who, though perfectly competent to discharge ordinary duties as staff officers and in the engineer corps, would be unable to respond to the demands of active campaign service.

The new order directs that annual reports shall be made concerning the physical condition of junior officers, that all officers shall accompany their commands and report each officer who is unable to participate or falls out of march; that officers shall adopt such measures and pursue such habits as will maintain physical condition fit for active service, and that every infantry captain shall ride on government horses until he becomes a mounted officer.

Tacoma Banks Sound.
TACOMA, Wash., Dec. 5.—The statements issued by the local banks in response to the call of the Comptroller of the Currency, show cash on hand to be twice the amount required by law. The general conditions are excellent.

For Alaskan Government.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Mr. Cole, delegate from Alaska, today offered a bill conferring upon Alaska a Territorial form of government.

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Honest Work. Honest Prices.
Painless Extraction of Teeth or No Pay. All Work Positively Guaranteed. Phone Bell 1128-X; Ind., 1126.

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